RxStat

2023 National Overdose Fatality Review Forum

JANUARY 19^{TH} , 2022

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Introduction

Jurisdiction: New York City (Urban)

Population: 8,804,190

OFR established: NYPD (2016), OCME (2021)

Legislation: NY does not have OFR legislation

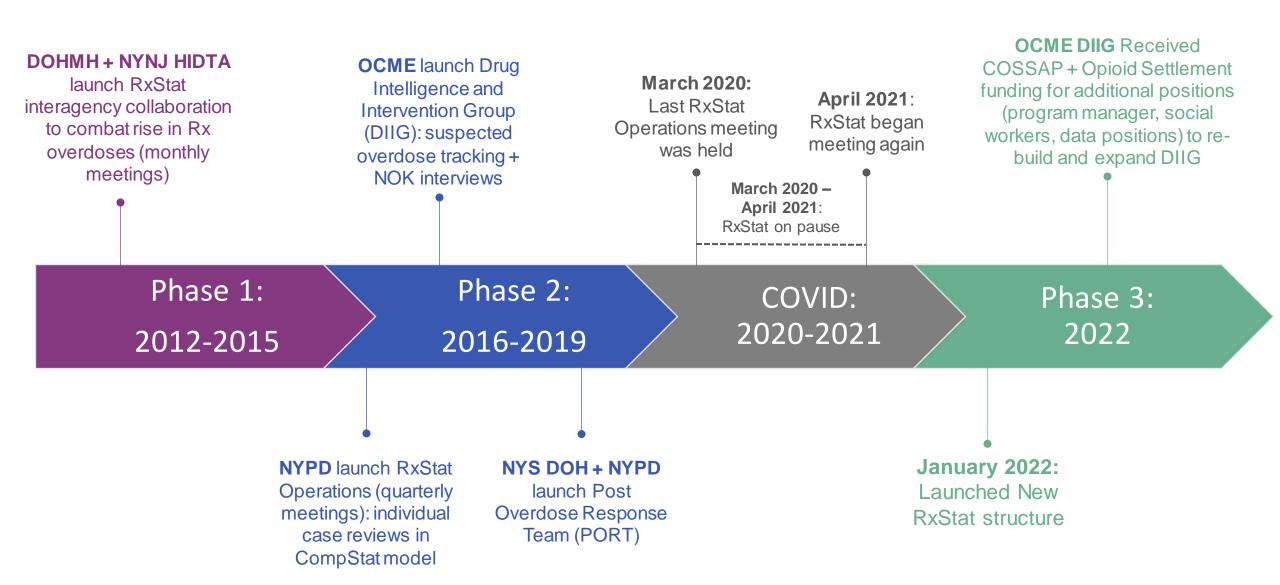
Overdose deaths a year: Over 2,000

° 2020: 2,103

· 2021: 2,668

Number reviewed each year: 8-12

RxStat Evolution



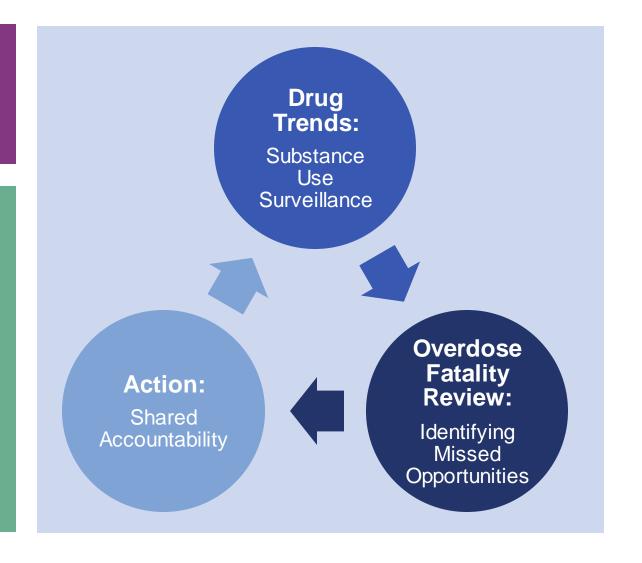
RxStat Initiative

Goal:

Reduce overdose deaths in NYC through cross-agency collaboration

Core Beliefs:

- 1. Every overdose is preventable
- 2. Sharing information across sectors can prevent overdose deaths
- 3. Policy making should be informed by science and grounded in local data



Local

State

Federal

New York/New Jersey NYC Department of NYC Office of Chief NYC Police High Intensity Drug NYS Department of Health and Mental Medical Examiner Department (NYPD) Health (DOH) Hygiene (DOHMH) (OCME) (NYNJ HĬDTA) **Bronx District** District Attorney of **Brooklyn District** Queen's District Staten Island District Attornev's Office Attorney's Office Attorney's Office New York (DANY) Attorney's Office (BXDA) NYC Administration of NYC Department of Fire Department of NYC Department of NYC Department of Homeless Services Children's Services New York (FDNY) Correction (DOC) Education (DOE) (ACS) (DHS) Regional Emergency NYC Special NYC Human NYC Health and Medical Services **NYC Parks** Narcotics Prosecutor Resources Hospitals (H+H) Council of NYC Administration (HRA) (SNP) (REMSCO) Staten Island NYS Department of NYS Office of Partnership for NYC Department of Correctional Services Staten Island Addiction Services Community Wellness Probation (DOP) Borough President and Community and Supports Tackling Youth Supervision (DOCCS) (OASAS) Substance Use NYS Office of Court Administration (OCA) NYS Office of Mental Office of the NYS **CDC** Foundation NYS Police (NYSP) / NYS Unified Court Health (OMH) Attorney General (CDCF) System Office of the Assistant Substance Abuse and United States United States Secretary for Health Mental Health **Drug Enforcement** Attorney's Office -Attorney's Office -(OASH) Office of Services Administration (DEA) Regional Health Administration **New York New York** Operations (ORHO) (SAMHSA) **US** Department of **US** Custom and US Department of Homeland Security Health and Human Border Protection (CBP) Services (HHS) (HSI)

Executive Leadership KEY

OFR Member

RxStat: 38 Agencies

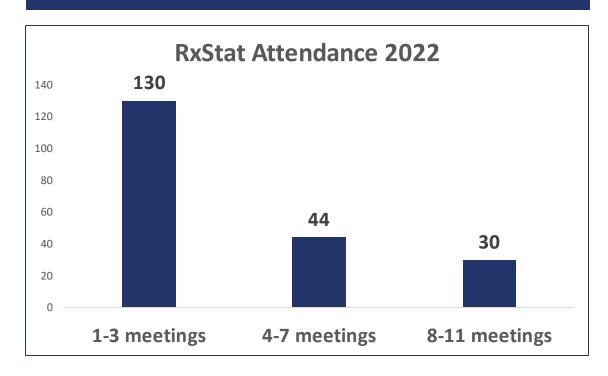
- 21 Local
- 7 State
- 10 Federal

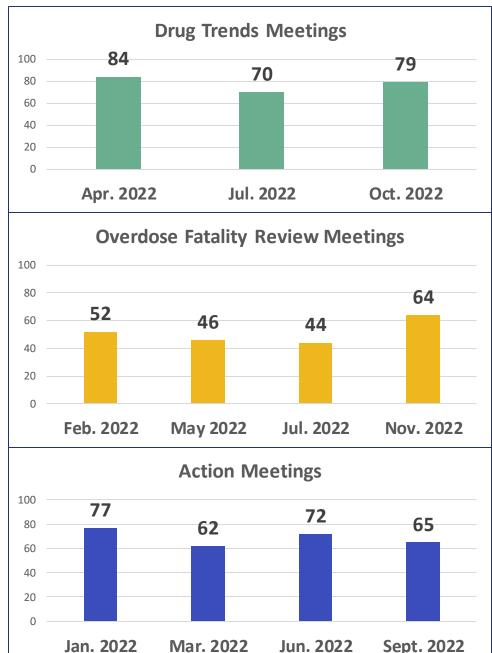
OFR: 26 Agencies

- 17 Local
- 5 State
- 4 Federal

We have had just over 200 different individuals attend at least 1 RxStat meeting this year, with 48 individuals attending more than half (6 or more) of the 11 meetings held so far.

In addition to regular attending members, we often have guests sit in, as well as, guest speakers who come in to present.





RxStat Drug Trends Meetings

Organized by NY/NJ HIDTA and NYC DOHMH:

- → Includes presentations by members and/or external presenters + open discussion
- → Open to wider audience: local, state, federal agencies interested in engaging in discussion around current drug trends & overdose prevention strategies.

Goal: Use cross-discipline data & information sharing to understand the drug environment and inform strategy.

Objectives:

- 1. Understand what is in the drug supply and changes in drug use trends.
- 2. Learn about new strategies to prevent overdose.
- 3. Engage in cross-disciplinary discussion around data and strategies.

Example Drug Trends Meeting

Toxicity of Xylazine and How It Impacts Treatment for People Who Use Drugs

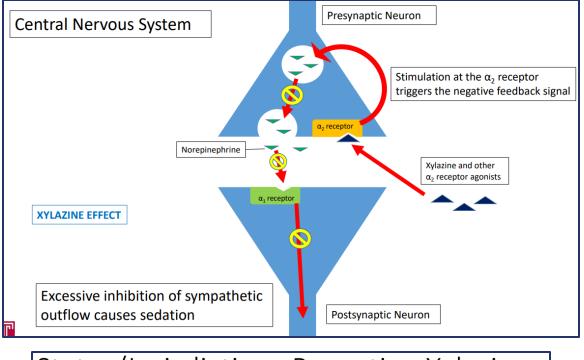
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RxStat Overdose Fatality Review (OFR)

OCME uniquely positioned to lead OFR

- → Primary responsibility for fully investigating all drug-related deaths
- → Independent with responsibilities of both public health and public safety
- → Exclusive access to the most data available regarding OD victims, lives, and circumstances

Goal: Save lives through *root cause analysis* of overdose deaths by identifying critical gaps, touch points, and missed opportunities for intervention.

Objectives:

- 1. Gain a holistic understanding of the chain of events leading to overdose-involved deaths.
- 2. Identify missed opportunities for prevention and intervention across healthcare, social, and criminal justice systems for individuals at risk of overdose death.
- 3. Develop actionable program and policy recommendations that can be implemented to prevent future overdose deaths.

Case Selection

- Volume of cases necessitated creating methodology for case selection.
- Identify themes that we find to be representative of/ trending among victims

NYC Population: 8,804,190

> 2020 NYC Overdose Deaths: 2,062

8-12 cases reviewed each year

Case Selection

Brainstorm Theme:

Executive Leadership + **Coordination Team** brainstorm and propose meeting themes that illustrate a gap in the system or have some detail/interaction we want to further explore



Review DIIG suspected overdose data for cases that might fit into those themes. Filter for cases that have finalized death certificates.

Conduct NOK Interviews:

Reach out to next of kin and attempt to conduct next of kin interviews



Consider Demographics:

Try to select cases that appropriately reflect demographics at highest risk of overdose

Select Cases:

Based on cases able to collect NOK interviews on, review death investigation and **NOK** interview information. Consider which cases will incite most valuable discussion.





Overdose Fatality Review

Case Information



360° Interview – Social Determinants of Health

Conducted by OCME Social Worker

OTHER DATA SOURCES

- EMS reports
 - Hospitalizations
 - Prior overdose
 - Other injuries and medical emergencies
- Prosecution & court records
 - Participation in alternatives to incarceration
 - Prior convictions and dismissals
- Probation & parole records
- Police reports
 - Arrests
 - Victim reports
 - Prior overdose
 - Orders of protection
- NYPD forensic lab data
 - Substances found on scene
- OCME investigation information
 - Cause of death
 - Paraphernalia found on scene
 - Other medical conditions
 - Circumstances of death

Information Sharing / Collection Process

Step 1:

Sign Confidentiality Agreement

Step 2:

Share basic identifiable information via secure sharefile folder with only information-sharing partners*

Step 3:

Partners
search their
systems and
send back
information to
secure
sharefile
folder that
only OFR
Coordinator
has access to

Step 4:

Coordinator compiles information, de-identifies and assigns Alias to cases

Step 5:

Coordinator distributes deidentified case summaries to all OFR members at least 1 week in advance of meeting



*Only about 5-10 of our 26 OFR agencies share caselevel information for the OFR.

Example Timeline Apr. 2021 Left to live with family & attend outpatient program Began behaving violently May Aunt passes away; took it towards family; aunt filed "verv hard" a restraining order Early Life: May Other aunt noticed not going May 2 arrests for Petit Born & raised in to methadone clinic every day larceny; sentenced to day Brooklyn; Father custody program for 10 days absent; raised by Jun. EMS response – heroin Jan. Arrest (burglary) mother & aunts; Jun. Arrest - criminal withdrawal; transport to hospital close-knit multipossession of controlled Jan. Incarcerated at Rikers generation substance (CPCS) Jul. Hospitalized for cyst on arm, (4 days) household Broke up with difficult to treat b/c MRSA girlfriend; Aug. Sells hydromorphone Jan. Involuntarily returned started drinking Teenager: Attended pills + heroin to undercover on warrant with new case Jul. Not cooperating w/ program more, getting private school; officer for trespassing requirements high and "sad a graduated HS lot of the time" Sep. EMS response - leg Jan.-Mar. Residential Aug. 2-11: Inpatient treatment pain; on pain meds; transport treatment; good reports of Attempted Jan. Two to hospital compliance with program Aug. 12: Aunt dropped off at hotel; suicide, but restraining orders Anon. person called front desk to Oct. 2 domestic incidents & 1 never received Mar. 85 mg of request wellness check; found treatment for May Hit by vehicle; 4arrest (robbery) methadone/day Mar. Domestic decedent unresponsive in hotel depression 5 days in a coma at Incident room; called 911; pronounced on Oct.-Nov. Incarcerated (NYC Mar. EMS response – hospital several scene. broken bones & DOC) "may have smoked K2"; **Feb.** Domestic May - Sept. 2017: transport to hospital Incident surgery In and out of **COD**: Acute intoxication of fentanyl, Feb. Got a job Nov. Released to shelters – had 4 p-fluorofentanyl, xylazine, heroin, workingin Mar. 2020 - Apr. 2021 May Prescribed residential treatment Oct. NYPD Aided stays with 2 methadone, and cocaine. security Resident at Franklin hvdrocodone slashedin shelters House; was on Dec. Left residential abdomen NYPD Lab testing of substances on Feb. Moved methadone; left to live treatment program w/o **Dec.** Arrest – petit **Dec. NYPD Aided** Jul. scene - Heroin, fentanyl, tramadol, into his own with family & attend permission & in possession larceny; diverted to **Dec.** Domestic unconscious, Domestic p-fluorofentanyl, additional apartment of heroin; warrant ordered outpatient program **CASES** program possible K2 Incident Incident substances 2017 2014 2015 2016 2018 2020 2021 2019 Early Life, Social & **Education &** Other Physical & **Substance Use History, Substance** Law Enforcement Color Key: Housing **Death Scene Community Contact Employment Mental Health Use Treatment. Harm Reduction** Interactions

Case Summaries

CASE: "Anthony"

CONFIDENTIAL: For Internal Discussion Only

NYC Overdose Fatality Review Meeting, November 2022

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Executive Summary

Demographics: 34 year old White Man Date of Death: April 1st, 2020

Found Location: Friend's residence in the Bronx

Cause of Death: Acute Intoxication by the combined

effects of Fentanyl, P-Fluorofentanyl, and Heroin

Key Details:

- · Christopher did not graduate high school, but his mother believed he completed his GED.
- · His mother stated that he suffered from depression and anxiety and believed he used heroin to self-medicate.
- Christopher struggled to work because of his opiate use disorder.
- He had 12 interactions with NYPD from 2010-2020:
 - 5 arrests from 2012-2019
 - 3 incarcerations
 - 1 domestic incident
 - 1 complaint report as a victim
 - 2 restraining orders
- Christopher was released from prison 5 days before he fatally overdosed in his friends home in the Bronx.

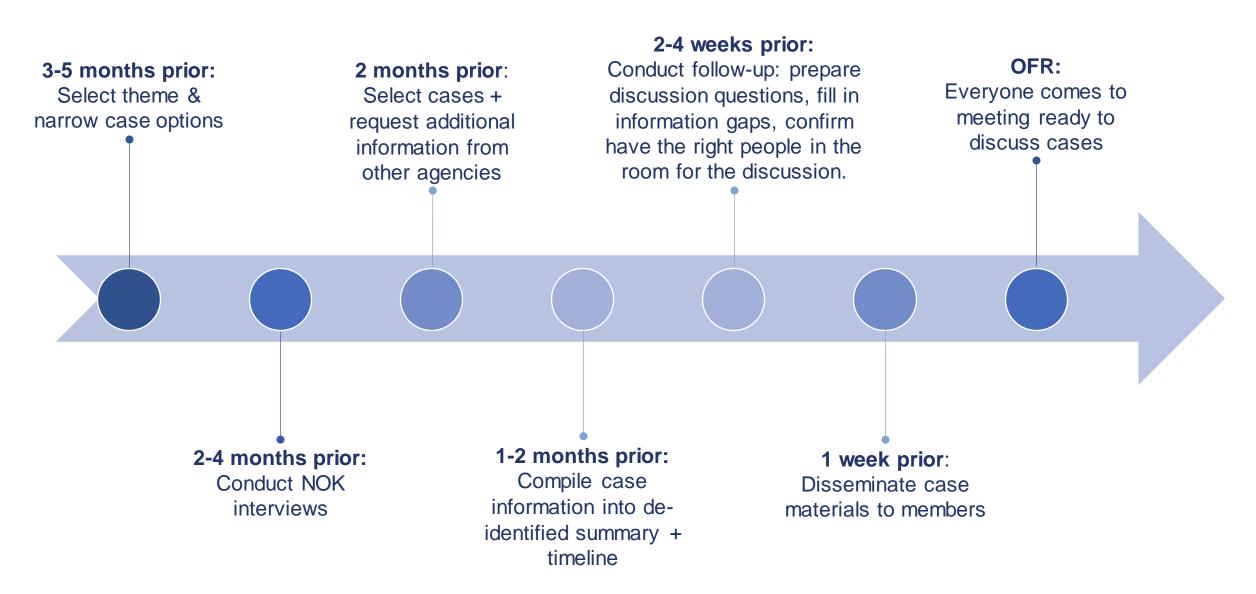
Early Life and Social & Community Context Interview with Anthony's Mother: (Source: OCME360 Interview) Anthony was born in the Bronx, NY, and moved upstate with his parents and younger brother when he was 4. Anthony's very social, and had friends. His mother stated that Anthony was not a troubled teenager. Anthony joined the army when he was approximately 20 years old. Anthony's mother shared that the decedent was "so smart" but "it was hard for him to be on this earth" and "he wasn't comfortable in his own skin". **Education & Employment** Interview with Anthony's Mother: (Source: OCME360 Interview) Anthony graduated high school and attended one semester of college. He dropped out of college after a semester and Anthony struggled to work be cause of his opiate use disorder. His mother helped support him and would sometimes give him work. Housing After his release, he stayed with his mother for a few days in Anthony was in Jail from and then went to stay with a friends in (OCME 360 Interview) Substance Use History and Substance Use Treatment or Services History Interview with Mother: (Source: OCME 360 Interview) Anthony's drug use began when he was prescribed opiates for pain Mother's perspective: His mother believes following an operation on his foot. He abused prescription opiates that treatment for SUDs should be longer after his surgery and began using heroin in than 30 days and should be more focused Anthony went to in-patient 30-day rehab programs a few on addressing the underlying issues which and never received MAT. might have initially led to substance use in order to "get to the bottom of what is really going on. quiet his mind." According to his mother, Anthony was able to "coast"

It is unclear if Anthony was ever treated for a psychiatric disorder, but his mother believed that Anthony used heroin to self-medicate.

through treatment because he was "charming."

was pulled over for speeding and police found drug paraphernalia, suboxone (not and heroin. Anthony was mandated to attend treatment but left after only a few days. For several years there was a warrant out for Anthony because he did not complete his court mandated program.

OFR Preparation Process



RxStat Action Meetings

Structure and Host alternates per theme:

- → Deep dive into issue identified previously
- → Lead agency will be identified to provide more context behind issue and help guide discussion

Goal: To develop & monitor concrete action steps RxStat agencies can take to address system gaps.

Objectives:

- 1. Identify goals, objectives and action steps that the RxStat group agree to take;
- 2. Identify who is responsible for each action step;
- 3. Create expected timeline for action steps to be taken.

Example: RxStat Action Meetings

Meeting	Objectives	Expected Timeline	Workgroup / Support Contacts
January 2022	Secure funding for dedicated shelter staff to conduct harm reduction counseling and linkage to substance use care.	Have 1st meeting by end of February. Report out update at next action meeting.	Nirah Johnson, DHS – Lead Rebecca Goldberg, DOH; Adina Phillips, DOH; Sharon Stancliff, DOH; Dennis Romero, SAMHSA; Kelly Ramsey, OASAS; Alex Harocopos, DOHMH; Narelle Ellendon, DOH; Olivia Rothseid, DHS; Patricia Zuber-Wilson, OASAS
January 2022	Establish overdose rate among DHS sheltered clients	Have 1st meeting by end of February. Report out update at next action meeting.	Jessie Schwartz, DHS – Lead Steve Hanson, OASAS; Gail Jette, OASAS; Nicole D'Anna, DOH; Rebecca Goldberg DOH; Alex Harocopos, DOHMH; Melanie Askari, DOHMH; Myrela Bauman, DOHMH; Nirah Johnson, DHS; Kinjia Hinterland, DOH; Sung woo Lim, DOH
March 2022	 Improve treatment search tools to be user friendly and person-centered for people unsure of their recovery goal. Create more effective messaging to the public to expand understanding of high quality and effective treatment. 	Have first meeting by end of April. Report out update at next action meeting.	Kelly Ramsey, OASAS – Lead Rebecca Linn-Walton, H+H; Nirah Johnson, DHS; Karen Varriale, KCDA; Joseph Raneri, REMSCO; Charita Thomas, ACS; Polly Faust, CDCF/DOH; Hannah Johnson, OCME; Pamela Lum, HIDTA

From OFR to Implementation

OFR Cases

DHS: Challenges in Coordination of Care for Homeless &

Action

Meeting

Workgroups

Outcomes

Unstably Housed Individuals

Unstably Housed New Yorkers Who Use Drugs

Secure funding for dedicated shelter staff to conduct harm reduction counseling and linkage to substance use care

SAM HSA Harm Reduction Grant: Applied for and awarded → 3 full time + 6 part time staff.

Office of Addiction Services and Supports (OASAS) Funding: over 40 shelters will be staffed and resourced for overdose prevention work.

Overdose after recent release from SUD treatment



Barriers to finding treatment. challenges of current treatment locator tools

(Group Exercise)

Create more effective messaging to the public to expand understanding of high quality and effective treatment.

Resource Guide: tailored to specific audiences (clinical providers, community members, etc.)

> Investigating Google search options

OASAS work with HOPEline: improve treatment / harm reduction referrals

Still Improving

- Evaluating our work:
 - Bi-Annual Evaluation Surveys
 - In-meeting polls at each meeting
 - Individual conversations with partners
- Still Improving
 - Still figuring out workgroups
 - How to keep creating action